

## Numerical simulation of heat and mass transfer in direct membrane distillation in a hollow fiber module with laminar flow

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Material	Density kg/m <sup>3</sup>	Specific heat J/(kg·K)	Thermal conductivity W/(m·K)
PVDF[23]	1775	1325	0.2622
Vapor*	0.554	2014	0.0261
Membrane	302.2	1896.9	0.0662

## Table 1. Properties of the PVDF membrane

## Table 2. Properties of the fluids

Material	Density kg/m <sup>3</sup>	Specific heat J/(kg·K)	Thermal conductivity w/(m·K)	Viscosity $\times 10^{-4}$ Pa·s
3.5% synthetic seawater(~323K) [24]	1013.2	4064.8	0.642	5.86
Pure water(~303K) [25]	995.2	4182.1	0.613	8.38

Table 3. PVDF membrane characterization and module specifications

Membrane properties							
Material	Dimension	Contact angle (°)	Porosity ε (%)	LEPw (Bar)	Tensile modulus $E_t$ , MPa	Strain at break $\delta_b, \%$	
PVDF	<i>R<sub>mo</sub></i> : 1.45 mm δ <sub>m</sub> : 275 μm	$105\pm1$	85	1.38	44.60	98.60	
Module specifications							
Housing diameter, $d_s$ , mm		m No. c	No. of fibers, <i>n</i>		Effective fiber length L, m		
9.5			1		0.25~1.02		

<i>L</i> (m)		$T_{fi}$ (K)	$T_{fo}\left(\mathbf{K} ight)$	Error (%)	$T_{pi}$ (K)	$T_{po}$ (K)	Error (%)
0.25	Exp.	327.2	325.7	-	294.0	301.4	_
	Sim.	-	325.9	0.0614		300.9	-0.166
0.34	Exp.	327.2	325.2	-	293.5	302.8	-
	Sim.	-	325.4	0.0615		302.5	-0.0991
0.54	Exp.	327.2	324.8	-	294.0	306.0	-
	Sim.		324.6	-0.0616		306.6	0.196
0.64	Exp.	327.2	324.2	-	294.0	306.3	-
	Sim.	-	324.1	-0.0308		308.6	0.848
0.74	Exp.	327.2	323.7	-	294.7	307.8	-
	Sim.	-	323.7	0.00		310.6	0.910
0.84	Exp.	327.2	322.7	-	293.7	310.0	-
	Sim.		323.3	0.185		311.4	0.452
1.02	Exp.	327.2	322.0	-	294.0	312.1	-
	Sim.	-	322.6	0.186		313.9	0.577

Table. 4. The temperature comparison of experimental data and simulation results ( $Re_f$ =836,  $Re_p$ = 460)



Fig. 1. Schematic diagram of heat & mass transfers



Fig. 2 CFD domain & meshes of the single-fiber module in a 2D model



Fig. 3. Temperature distribution inside the module  $(Re_f=836, T_{fi}=327.2 \text{ K}, Re_p=460, T_{pi}=294.0 \text{ K})$ 



Fig. 4.  $q_f \& \Delta T_f$  distributions along the dimensionless module length x/L( $Re_f$ =836,  $T_{fi}$  = 327.2 K,  $Re_p$ = 460,  $T_{pi}$  = 294.0 K )



Fig. 5.  $q_p \& \Delta T_p$  distributions on the membrane surface along the dimensionless module length *x/L* (*Re<sub>f</sub>*=836, *T<sub>fi</sub>* = 327.2 K, *Re<sub>p</sub>*= 460, *T<sub>pi</sub>* = 294.0 K)



Fig. 6. Distribution of Nu along the dimensionless x distance  $(Re_f=836, T_{fi}=327.2 \text{ K}, Re_p=460, T_{pi}=294.0 \text{ K})$ 



Fig. 7.  $Nu_f \& Nu_p$  distributions along the module length at different  $Re_p$  (L=0.25m,  $Re_f$ =836,  $T_{fi}$  = 327.2 K,  $Re_p$ = 200~2000,  $T_{pi}$  = 294.0 K)



Fig. 8.  $Nu_f \& Nu_p$  distributions along the module length at different  $Re_f$  (*L*=0.25m,  $Re_f$ =500~2000,  $T_{fi}$  = 327.2 K,  $Re_p$ = 460,  $T_{pi}$  = 294.0 K)



Fig. 9.  $h_f \& h_p$  distributions along the module length at constant flow conditions  $(L=0.25\text{m}, Re_f=836, T_{fi}=327.2 \text{ K}, Re_p=460, T_{pi}=294.0 \text{ K})$ 



Fig. 10. *TPC* distributions along the dimensionless module length x/L( $Re_f$ = 836,  $T_{fi}$  = 327.2 K,  $Re_p$ =460,  $T_{pi}$  = 294.0 K)



Fig. 11. Distributions of local mass fluxes along the dimensionless x/L distance  $(Re_f = 836, T_{fi} = 327.2 \text{ K}, Re_p = 460, T_{pi} = 294.0 \text{ K})$ 



Fig. 12. Distributions of local  $N_m$  along the dimensionless module length x/L (L=0.25m,  $Re_f=500\sim2000$ ,  $T_{fi}=327.2$  K,  $Re_p=200\sim2000$ ,  $T_{pi}=294.0$  K)



Fig. 13. Distributions of  $\eta_h$  along the dimensionless *x/L* distance (*L*=0.25m, *Re<sub>f</sub>*=500~2000, *T<sub>fi</sub>* = 327.2 K, *Re<sub>p</sub>*= 200~2000, *T<sub>pi</sub>* = 294.0 K)